

## Nonpoint Source Water Pollution Control Program-The 800 Pound Water Pollution Gorilla

DOH begins addressing the Major Sources of Water Pollution: Presentation in Hawaii

11/2/2020

#### Where do we face the worst water pollution?

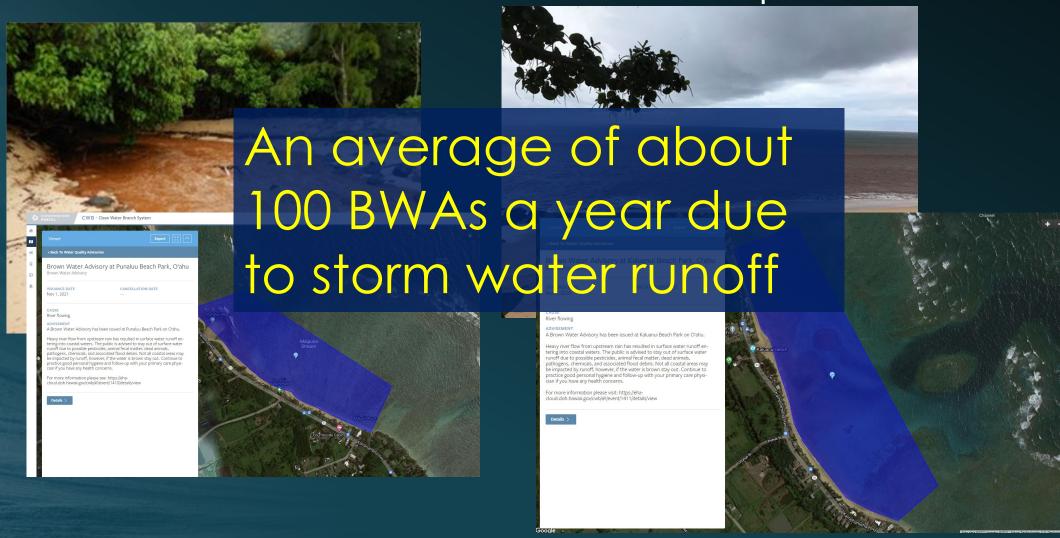


Streams, Stream mouths, Non-Urban Areas, marinas, etc.





When do we face the worst water pollution?



# So what is the DOH doing about these things?

The new Surface Water Protection Branch

And

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Adoption of Chapter 11-56 Hawaii Administrative Rules

June 25, 2021

SUMMARY

Chapter 11-56, Hawaii Administrative Rules, entitled "Nonpoint Source Pollution Control", is adopted.

#### But what is a Point Source? And what is a Nonpoint Source?

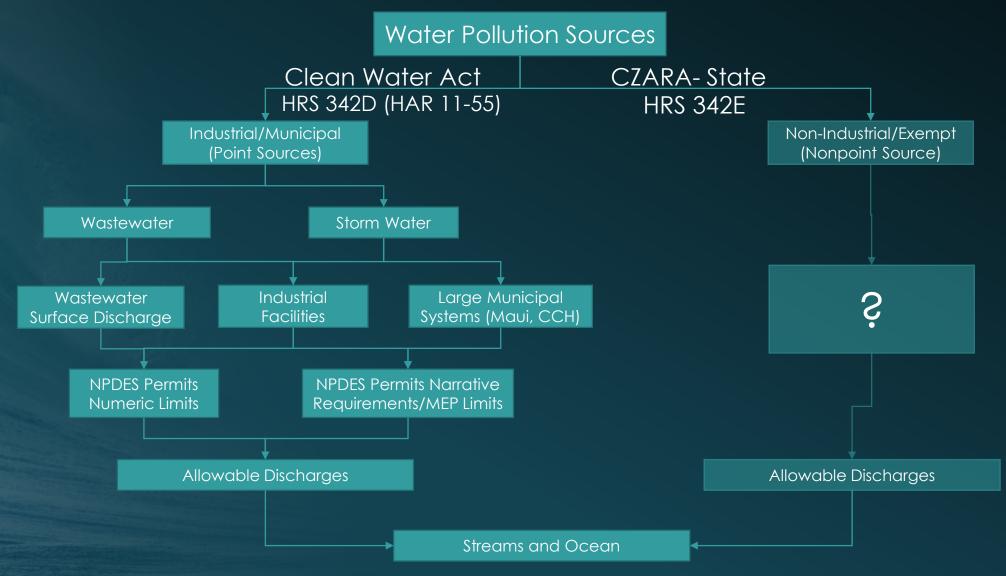
- Point Source and Nonpoint Sources are:
  - Regulatory Distinctions
  - Constructs from the CWA
  - Categories for pollution sources that are either Federally regulated or not
- They are not:
  - Reflections of real-world differences
  - Limitations to control (as in regulated vs. not regulated)
    - A test of "can" or "cannot"
    - A test of "do" or "do not"

### Why does this distinction matter?

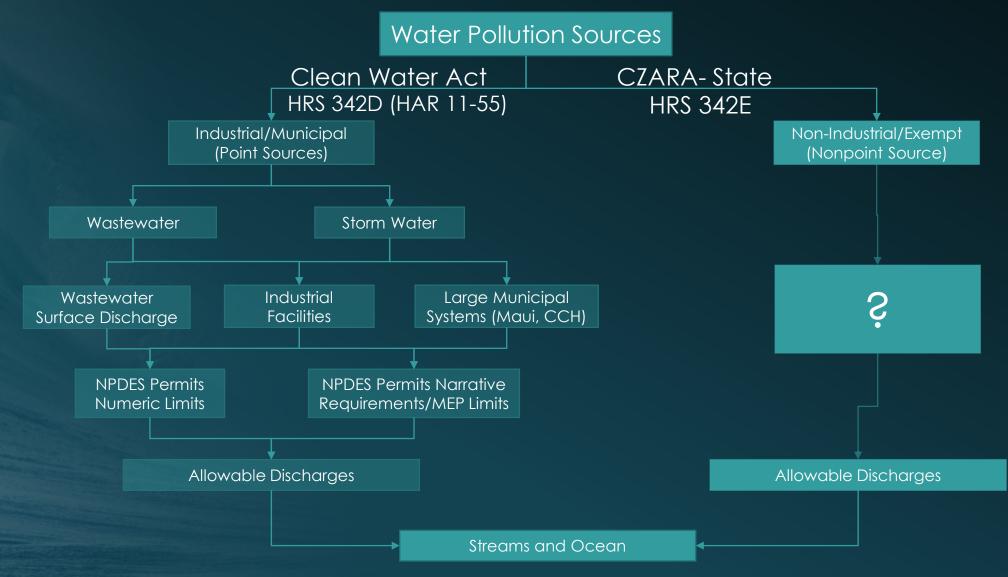
- Point Sources
  - Must meet <u>Federal</u> and <u>State</u> requirements
  - Have defined regulatory frameworks
  - Have been regulated for 40 years
  - Subject to NPDES permits
- Nonpoint sources
  - May have to meet <u>State</u> requirements
  - Have various regulatory frameworks around the nation
  - Are NOT subject to NPDES permits

If nonpoint sources of pollution are a problem, the State must take action

# Current Construct Over Surface Water Quality Management



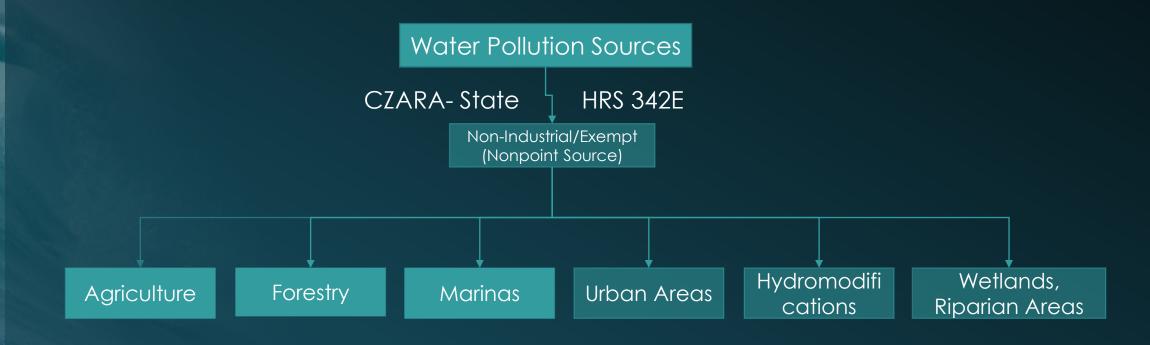
# Current Construct Over Surface Water Quality Management



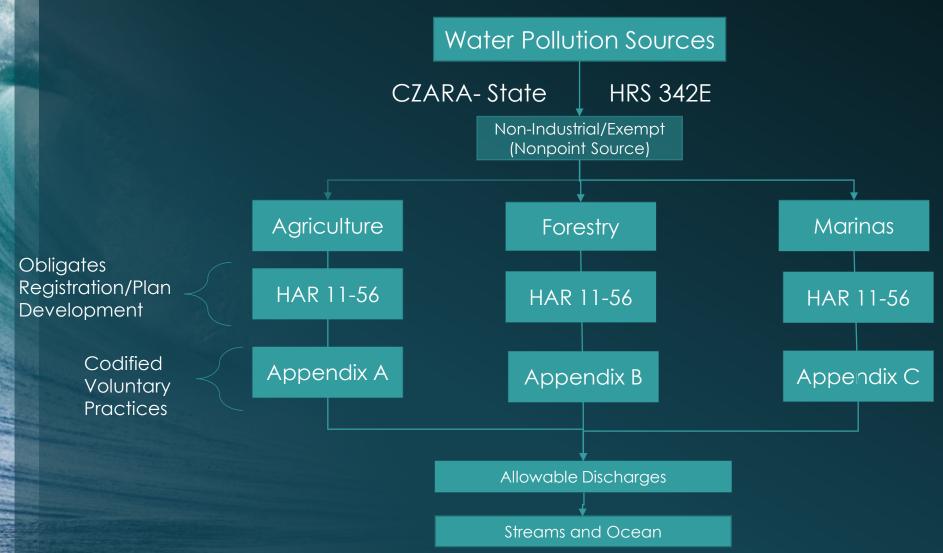
### New State Nonpoint Source (HAR 11-56)

- Signed into Law, June 2021
- Follows the State's coastal nonpoint source strategy
- Identifies six major categories of nonpoint source pollution
  - Agriculture
  - Forestry
  - Marinas
  - Urban Areas
  - Hydromodifications
  - Wetlands, riparian areas

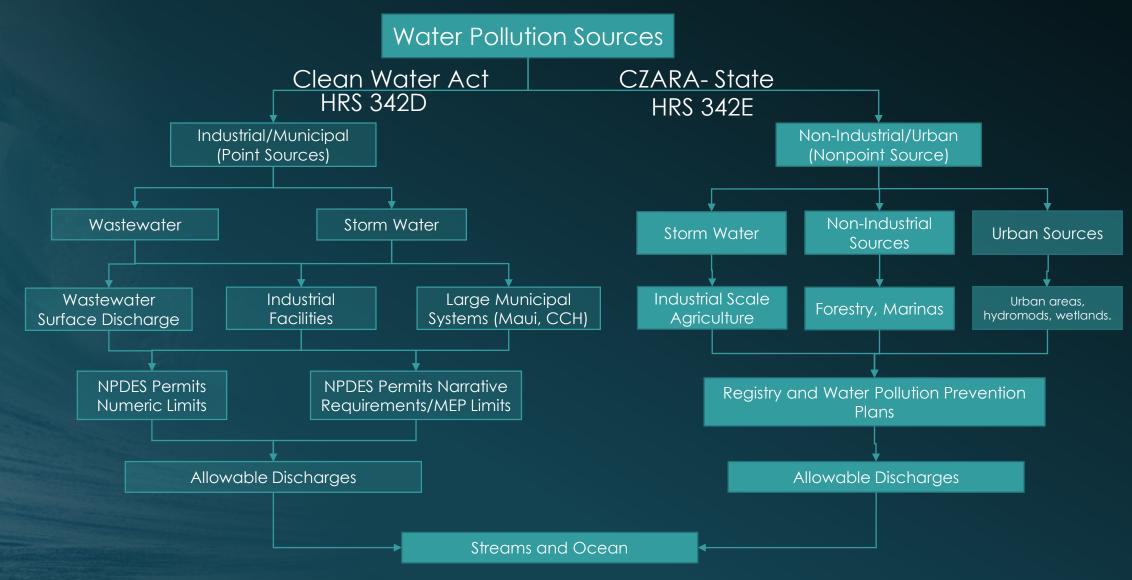
#### Major Nonpoint Source Categories (CZARA)



#### HAR 11-56: First NPS rules



# Current Construct Over Surface Water Quality Management

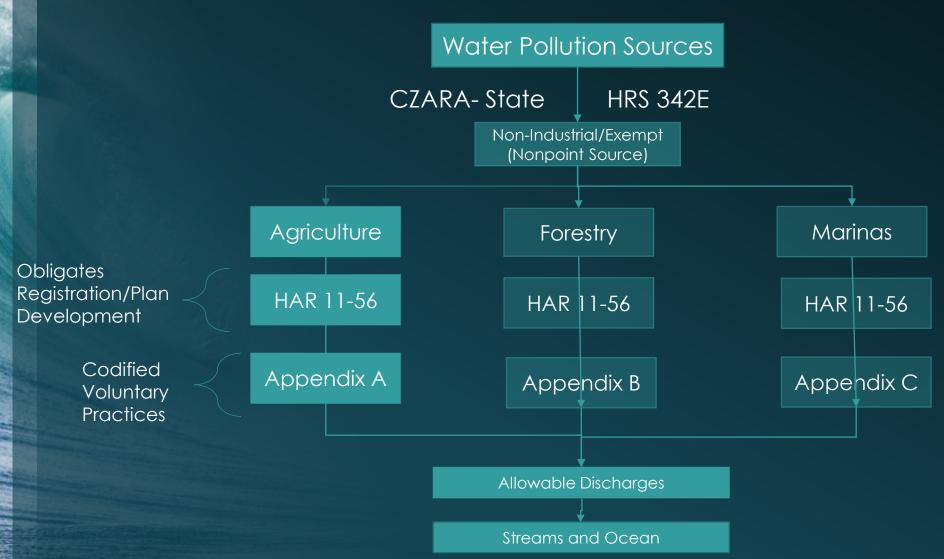


End-Part 1

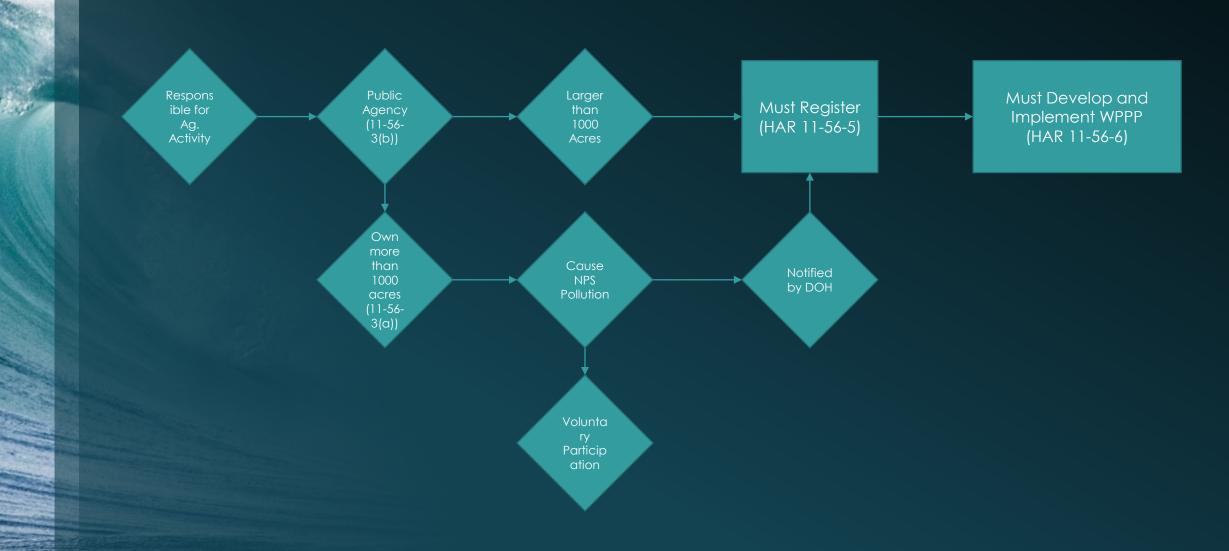
It's Not About the Regulation

# It's About the Water

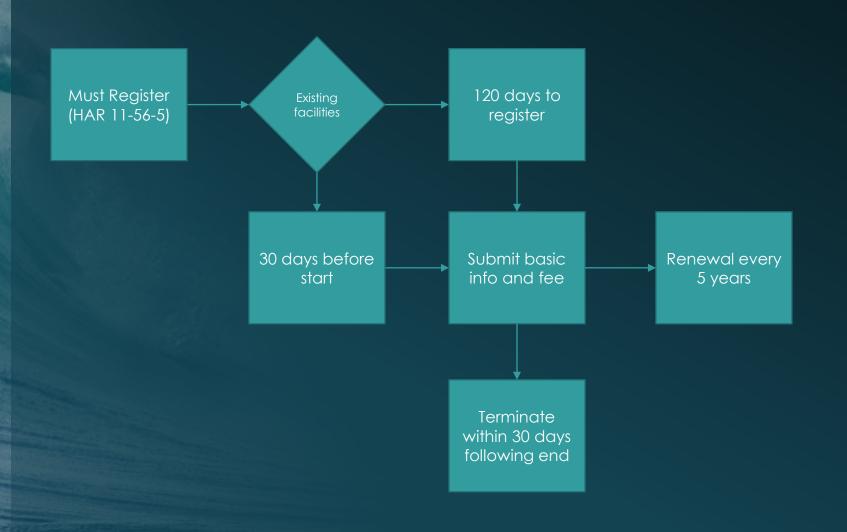
### CZARA-Nonpoint Source Categories



### NPS Pollution Prevention-Agriculture



### NPS- Registry (HAR 11-55-5)

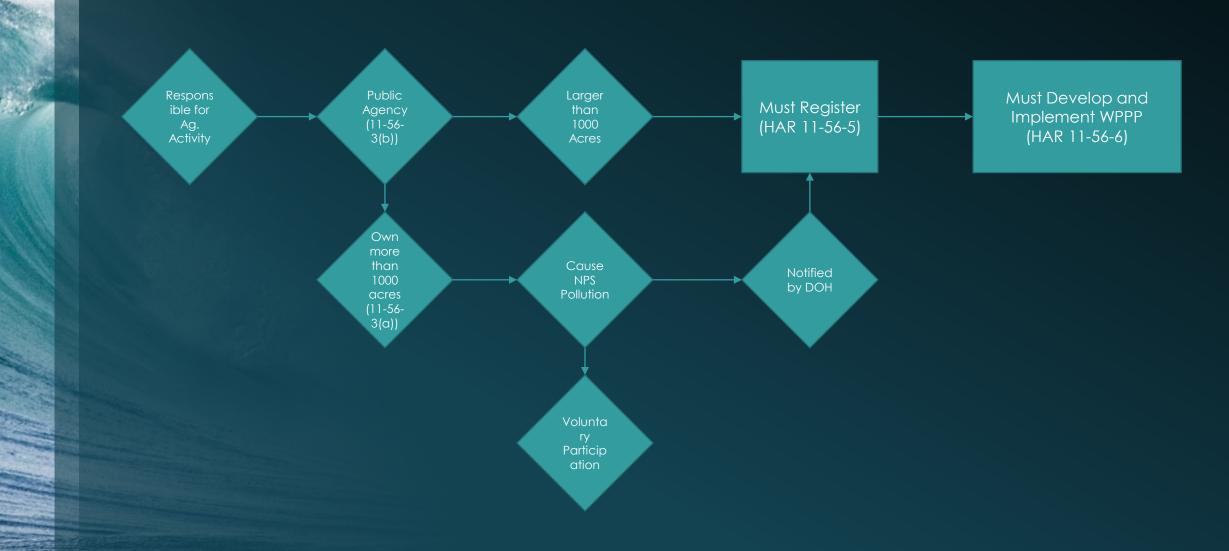


- Name
- Ownership Type
- Mailing Address
- Facility Address
- Tenants (if applicable)
- Description of Activity
- Certification

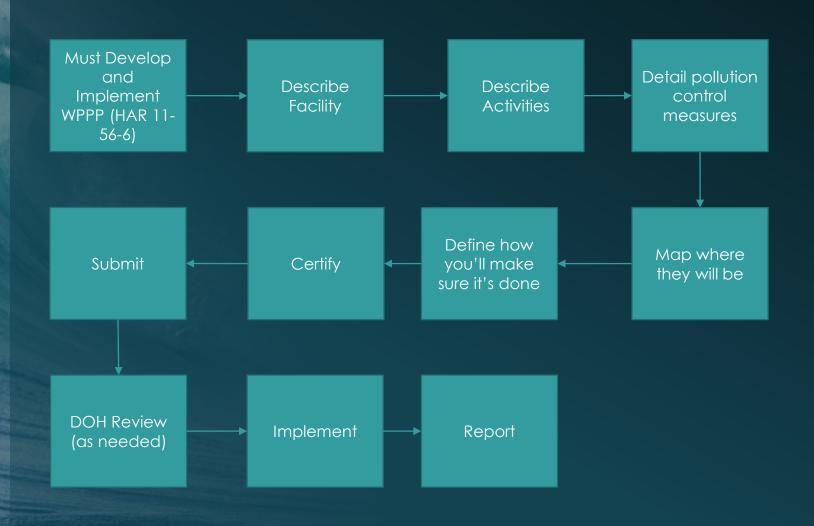
#### NPS- Registry (HAR 11-55-5)- Notable aspects

- Lasts for up to 5 years
- Will be assigned a unique Facility ID number
- Can be transferred
- Will be public information

### NPS Pollution Prevention-Agriculture



# Water Pollution Prevention Plans (HAR 11-55-6)

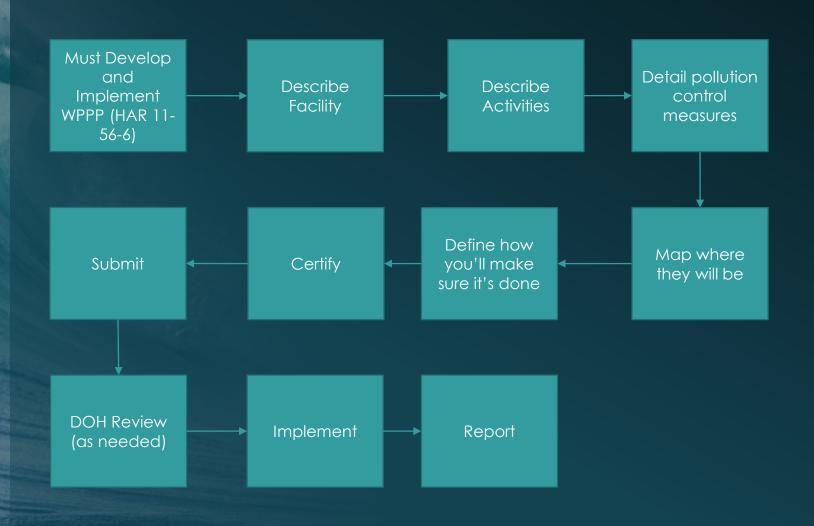


- Information from Registration
- Identification of Receiving Waters
- Disclosure of type of activity
- Description of Management Measures and other BMPs to be implemented
- Locations of measures
- Description of oversight

### WPPP(HAR 11-55-6)- Notable aspects

- Will be the basis to determine compliance
- Inspections will determine appropriateness and adherence- Does the plan make sense and are you implementing it
- Requires update when there is a significant change to the activities or facility
- Includes self monitoring requirements
- Existing Management Plans qualify as "equivalents" provided they meet the objective of a WPPP
- Timeframes aligned with registration requirements but more time can be provided if requested

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# WPPP Reporting (HAR 11-55-7) - Notable aspects

- Annual Report
- Form based template
- Summary of if things worked, and if not, changes made
- Summary of sampling data IF sampling conducted
- Specialized technical staff should NOT be needed

#### Determining Compliance-Notable aspects

- Paperwork:
  - Must Register
  - Must Develop and Implement WPPP
  - Must Submit Annual Report
- On the ground:
  - Develop a plan that makes sense
  - Implement the management measures and BMPs appropriate for the activity
  - Conduct and document visual inspections to make sure the BMPs work and are maintained
  - Enforce the requirements
- Formal inspections
  - DOH will conduct compliance inspections
  - Inspections focus on appropriateness and implementation. Will also evaluate quality of discharge to determine BMP effectiveness.

#### General Approach- early program (1-5 years)

- Outreach and Education-
  - DOH needs to inform people of the requirements; then,
  - Support development and implementation
  - DOH anticipates substantial technical assistance required for sister agencies
- Surface Water Protection Branch is constructed to take a more supportive role rather than punitive one

#### Major Nonpoint Source Categories (CZARA)

